

Autonomous Capability Assessment of Sequential Decision-Making Systems in Stochastic Settings



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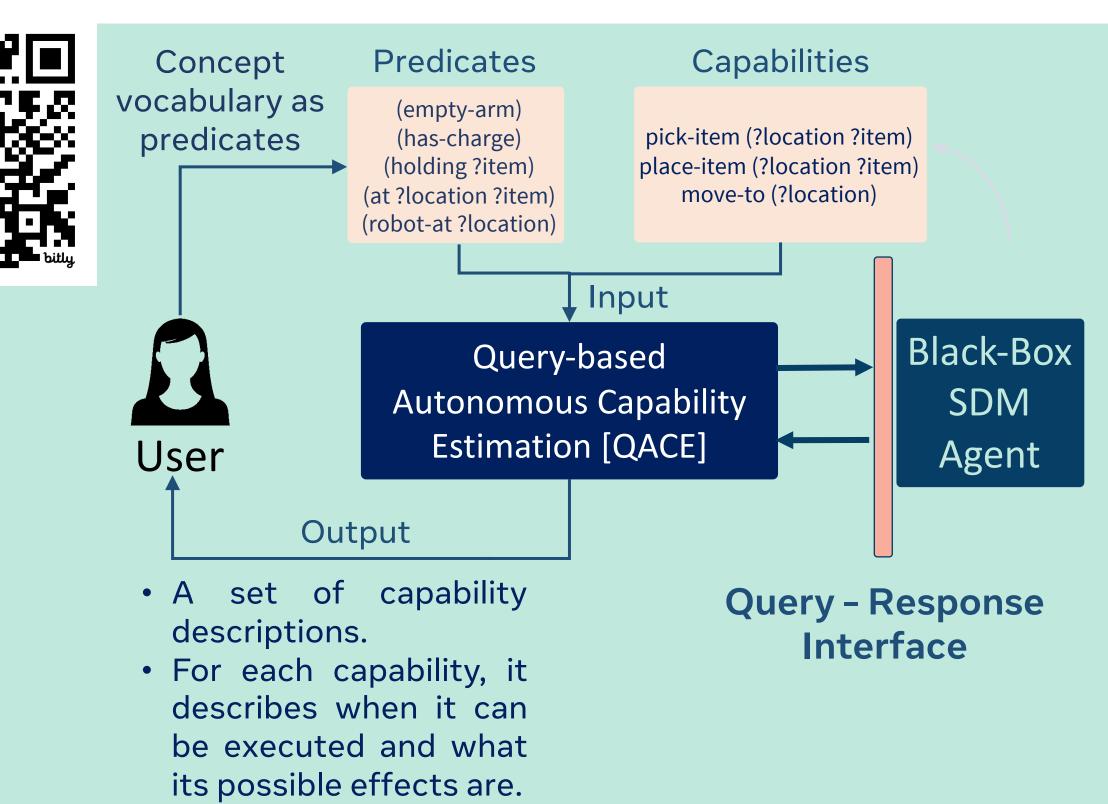
A new approach for independent assessment of the capabilities of Al systems that can plan and learn.

What is a capability?

- A high-level task that an SDMA can perform.
- Combination of multiple low-level functionalities of the SDMA.

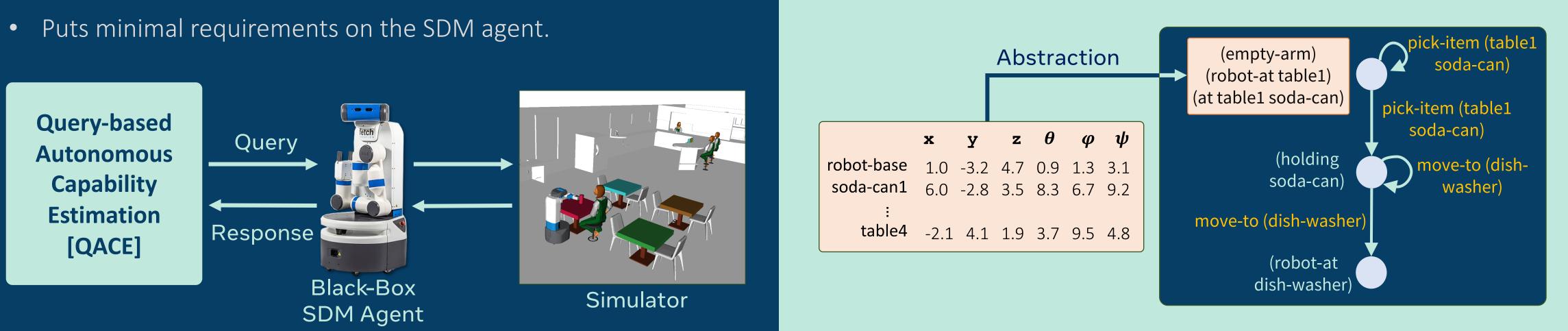
Why learn capability descriptions?

 Easier to reason about in terms of capabilities than low-level functionalities.

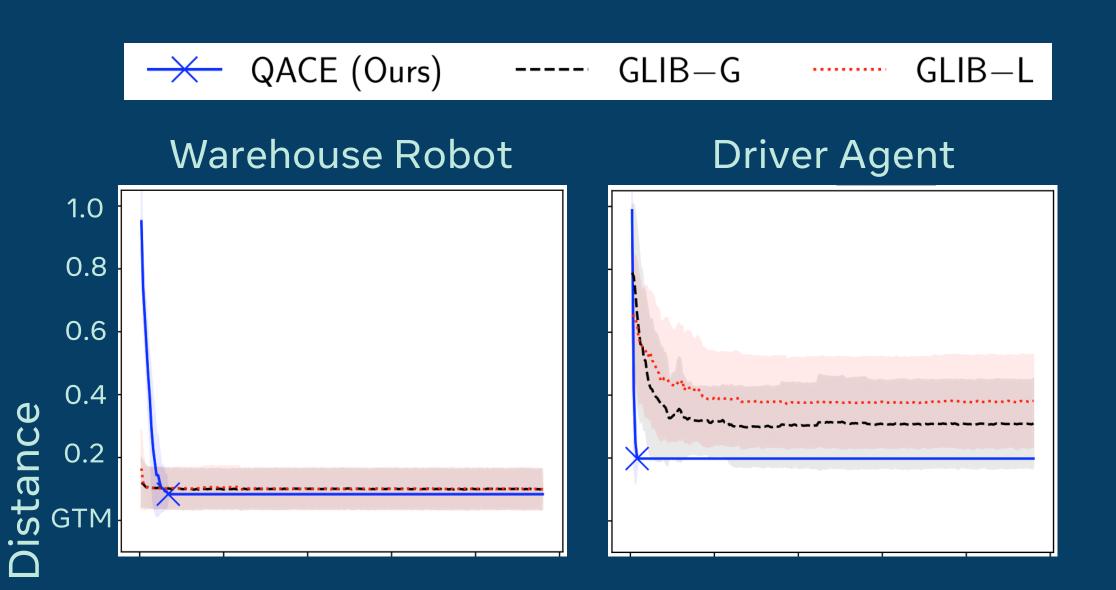


Query - Response Interface

Example of a Query



QACE learns accurate models faster



Learned Capability Model

(:capability pick-item :parameters (?location ?item) :precondition (and (empty-arm) (has-charge) (robot-at ?location) (at ?location ?item)) :effect (and (probabilistic 0.7 (and (not (empty-arm)) (not (at ?location ?item)) (holding ?item)) 0.2 (and (not (has-charge))) 0.1 (and))) #No-change

Example of Learned Capability

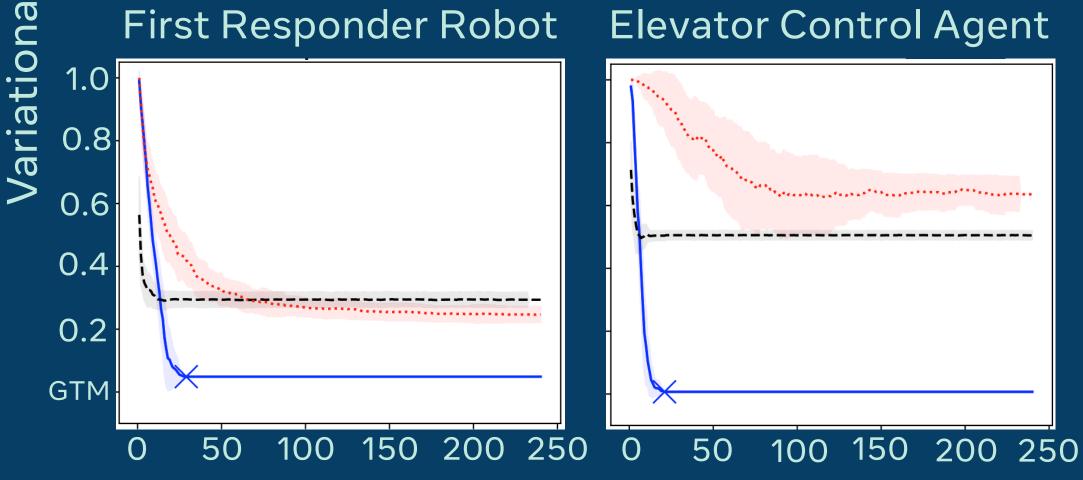
Robot can pick an item at a location when:

- Its arm is empty.
- It has charge.
- It is at the location.
- The item is also at the same location.

After executing the action. With 70% probability:

- It is holding the item.
- Its arm is not empty.
- Item is not at that

First Responder Robot Elevator Control Agent



Learning Time (minutes)

- Sample Efficiency -29
- Faster Convergence
- Few Shot Generalization -200

- Easily convertible to natural language
- Supports generalization and transfer

Theoretical Guarantees

- Learned model sound and complete w.r.t. the SDMA transition model.
- Learned model captures the correct distribution in the limit.

location.

With 20% probability: • It will lose all its charge.

With 10% probability: • The action will fail.

What Next?

- **Discovering Capabilities.**
- Using Capability Models to Make Task Transfer Sample Efficient.





Checkout these at GenPlan Workshop



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